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# AIPMT - 2014 <br> (Physics, Chemistry and Biology) <br> Code P 

Time: 3 hrs
Total Marks: 720

## General Instructions:

1. The Answer sheet is inside this Text booklet. When you are directed to open the text booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on side - 1 and side - 2 carefully with blue/black ball point pen only.
2. The test is of 3 hours duration and consists of 180 questions. Each question carries 4 marks. For each correct response the candidate will get 4 marks. For each incorrect response, one mark will be deducted. The maximum marks are 720.
3. Use Blue / Black ball point pen only for writing particulars on this page / marking responses.
4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the text booklet only.
5. On completion of the test, the candidate must handover the answer sheet to the invigilator in the room/ Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this text booklet with them.
6. Make sure that the CODE printed on side - 2 of the answer sheet is the same as that on this booklet, In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the invigilator for the replacement of both the test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
7. The candidates should ensure that the Answer sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer sheet. Do not write your roll no. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test booklet / Answer Sheet.
8. Use of white fluid for correction is not permissible on the Answer Sheet.

## Physics

1. If force (F), velocity (V) and time (T) are take As fundamental units, then the dimensions of mass are :
(1) $\left[\mathrm{F} \mathrm{V} \mathrm{T}^{-1}\right]$
(2) $\left[\mathrm{F} \mathrm{V} \mathrm{T}^{-2}\right]$
(3) $\left[\mathrm{F} \mathrm{V}^{-1} \mathrm{~T}^{-1}\right]$
(4) $\left[\mathrm{F} \mathrm{V}^{-1} \mathrm{~T}\right]$
2. A projectile is fired from the surface of the earth with a velocity of $5 \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$ and angle $\theta$ with the horizontal. Another projectile fired another planet with a velocity of $3 \mathrm{~ms}^{-}$ 1 at the same angle follows a trajectory which is identical with the trajectory of the projectile fired from the earth. The value of the acceleration due to gravity on the planet is (in ms ${ }^{-2}$ ) is: (given $\mathrm{g}=9.8 \mathrm{~ms}^{-2}$ )
(1) 3.5
(2) 5.9
(3) 16.3
(4) 110.8
3. A particle is moving such that its position coordinates ( $\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}$ ) are
$(2 \mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{~m})$ at time $\mathrm{t}=0$,
$(6 \mathrm{~m}, 7 \mathrm{~m})$ at time $\mathrm{t}=2 \mathrm{~s}$ and
$(13 \mathrm{~m}, 14 \mathrm{~m})$ at time $\mathrm{t}=5 \mathrm{~s}$
Average velocity vector $\mid$ Vav | from $t=0$ tot $=5$ s is:
(1) $\underline{1}_{5}(\hat{13 i}+\hat{14} \mathrm{i})$
(2) $\left.{ }^{7} 3 \hat{(i+i}\right)$
(3) $2(\hat{i}+\hat{i})$
(4) $\left.\frac{11}{5} \hat{(i+i}\right)$
4. A system consists of three masses $m_{1}, m_{2}$ and $m_{3}$ connected by a strings passing over a pulley $P$. The mass $m 1$ hangs freely and $m 2$ and $m 3$ are on a rough horizontal table (the coefficient of friction $=u$ ) the pulley if frictionless and of negligible mass. The downward acceleration of mass $m_{1}$ is :
(Assue $\mathrm{m}_{1}=\mathrm{m}_{2}=\mathrm{m}_{3}=\mathrm{m}$ )

(1) $\frac{g(1-g \mu)}{9}$
(2) $2 g \mu$

3
(3) $g\left(\frac{1-2 \mu)}{3}\right.$
(4) $g\left(\frac{1-2 \mu)}{2}\right.$
5. The force ' $F$ ' acting on a particle of mass ' $m$ ' is indicated by the force - time graph shown below. The change in momentum of the particle over the time interval from zero to 8 s is :

(1) 24 Ns
(2) 20 Ns
(3) 12 Ns
(4) 6 Ns
6. A ballon with mass ' $m$ ' descending down with an acceleration ' $a$ ' (where $\mathrm{a}<\mathrm{g}$ ). how much mass should be removed from its so that it starts moving up with an acceleration 'a'?
(1) $\frac{2 m a}{+a} g$
(2) 2 ma
$\mathrm{g}-\mathrm{a}$
(3) $\frac{m a}{g+a}$
(4) $\frac{\mathrm{ma}}{\mathrm{g}^{-} \mathrm{a}}$
7. A body of mass ( 4 m ) is laying in $x-y$ plane at rest. It suddenly explodes into three pieces. Two pieces each of mass ( m ) move perpendicular to each other with equal speeds (v). The total kinetic energy generated due to explosion is :
(1) $m v^{2}$
(2) $\underline{3}_{2 m v^{2}}$
(3) $2 m v^{2}$
(4) $4 \mathrm{mv}^{2}$
8. The oscillation of a body on a smooth horizontal surface is represented by the equation,

Where, $\mathrm{X}=\mathrm{A} \cos (\omega t) ; \mathrm{X}=$ displacement at time $t ; \omega=$ frequency of oscillation
Which one of the following graphs shows correctly the variation 'a' with 't'?
(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)


Here $\mathrm{a}=$ acceleration at time t
T = time period
9. A solid cylinder of mass 50 g and radius 0.5 m is free to rotate about the horizontal axis. A massless string is wound round the cylinder with one end attached to it and other hanging freely. Tension in the string required to produce an angular acceleration of 2 revolutions $\mathrm{s}^{-2}$ is :
(1) 25 N
(2) 50 N
(3) 78.5 N
(4) 157 N
10. The ratio of the accelerations for a solid sphere (mass ' $m$ ' and radius ' $R$ ' rolling down an incline of angle ' $\theta$ ' Without slipping and slipping down the incline with rolling is :
(1) $5: 7$
(2) $2: 3$
(3) $2: 5$
(4) $7: 5$
11. A black hole is an object whose gravitational field is so strong that even light cannot escape from it. To what approximate radius would earth (mass $=5.98 \times 10^{24} \mathrm{~kg}$ ) have to be compressed to be a black hole ?
(1) $10^{-9} \mathrm{~m}$
(2) $10^{-6} \mathrm{~m}$
(3) $10^{-2} \mathrm{~m}$
(4) 100 m
12. Dependence of intensity of gravitational field (E) of earth with distance (r) from centre of earth is correctly represented by :

(2)


(4)

13. Copper of fixed bolume ' $V$ ' is drawn into wire of length ' $l$ '. When the wire is subjected to a constant force ' $F$ ' the extension produced in the wire is' $\Delta l$ ' . Which of the following graphs is a straight line?
(1) $\Delta l$ versus $1 / l$
(2) $\Delta l$ versus $l^{2}$
(3) $\Delta l$ versus $1 / l^{2}$
(4) $\Delta l$ versus l
14. A certain number of spherical drops of liquid of radius ' $r$ ' coalesce to form a single drop of radius ' $R$ ' and volume ' $V$ '. if ' $T$ ' is the surface tension of the liquid, then :
(1) Energy $=4 V T\left(\begin{array}{cc}1 & 1 \\ r & R\end{array}\right)$ is released.
(2) Energy = 3 VT
(3) Energy = 3 VT

| $(\underline{1}+1)$ | is absorbed |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\left(\begin{array}{ll} r & \bar{R} \end{array}\right)$ |  |
| $\left(\begin{array}{ll}1 & 1\end{array}\right)$ |  |
| $\left(\begin{array}{cc} - & - \\ r & R \end{array}\right)$ | is released |

(4) Energy is neither released nor absorbed
15. Steam at $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is passed into 20 g of water at $10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. when water acquires a temperature of $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ the mass of water present will be :
[Take specific heat of water $=1 \mathrm{cal} \mathrm{g}^{-1} \mathrm{o}^{-1}$ and latent heat of steam $=540 \mathrm{cal} \mathrm{g}^{-1}$ ]
(1) 24 g
(2) 31.5 g
(3) 42.5 g
(4) 22.5 g
16. Certain quantity of water cools from $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in the first 5 minutes and to $54^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in the next 5 minutes. The temperature of the surroundings is :
(1) $45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
(2) $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
(3) $42^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
(4) $10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
17. A monoatomic gas at pressure P , having a volume V expands isothermally to a volume 2 V and then adiabatically to a volume 16 V . the final pressure if the gas is : (take $\gamma=$ 5/3)
(1) 64 P
(2) 32 Po
(3) P/64
(4) 16 P
18. A thermodynamic system undergoes cyclic process $A B C D A$ as shown in Fig. the work done by the system in the cycle is :

(1) $\mathrm{P}_{0} \mathrm{~V}_{0}$
(2) $2 \mathrm{Po}_{0}$
(3) $\underline{\underline{P}}_{0} \underline{V}_{0}$
(4) Zero
19. The mean free path of molecules of a gas, (radius is inversely proportional to :
(1) $r^{3}$
(2) $r^{2}$
(3) $r$
(4) $\sqrt{r}$
20.If $\mathrm{n}_{1}, \mathrm{n}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{n}_{3}$ are the fundamental frequencies three segments into which a string is divided, the original fundamental frequency $n$ of the string is given by :
(1) $\frac{1}{=}=1+1+1$
$\mathrm{n}_{1} \mathrm{n}_{2} \mathrm{n}_{3}$
(2) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}=\sqrt{\frac{1}{=}} n \frac{1}{\sqrt[1]{1}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{n^{n}}}+\sqrt{1} n 3$
(3) $\sqrt{n}=\sqrt{n_{1}}+\sqrt{\overline{n_{2}}}+\sqrt{\overline{n_{3}}}$
(4) $N=n_{1}+n_{2}+n_{3}$
21. The number of possible natural oscillations of column in a pipe closed at one end of length 85 cm whose frequencies lie below 1250 Hz are :
(velocity of sound $=340 \mathrm{~ms}^{1}$ )
(1) 4
(2) 5
(3) 7
(4) 6
22.A speeding motorcyclist sees traffic jam ahead him. He slows down to $36 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hour}$. He finds the traffic has eased and a car moving ahead of him $18 \mathrm{~km} /$ hour is honking at a frequency of 1392 Hz . The speed of sound is $343 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$, the frequency of the honk as heard by him will be :
(1) 1332 Hz
(2) 1372 Hz
(3) 1412 Hz
(4) 1454 Hz
23. Two think dielectric slabs of dielectric constants $K 1$ and $K 2(K 1<K 2)$ are inserted between plates of a parallel plate capacitor as shown in the figure. The variation of electric field ' $E$ ' between the plates with distance ' $d$ ' as measured from plate $P$ is correctly shown by :

$$
\begin{gathered}
\begin{array}{c}
\mathrm{P} \\
+ \\
+ \\
+ \\
+ \\
+ \\
+ \\
+ \\
\mathrm{K}_{1}
\end{array} \\
<\mathrm{K}_{2}
\end{gathered}
$$

(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)

24.A conducting sphere of radius $R$ is given a charge $Q$. The electric potential and the electric field at the centre of the sphere respectively are

Q
(1) Zero and $4 \pi \varepsilon \circ \mathrm{R}^{2}$

## Q

(2) $\overline{4 \pi \varepsilon \circ R}$ andZero
(3) $\frac{\mathrm{Q}}{4 \pi \varepsilon_{\circ} \mathrm{R}}$ and $\frac{\mathrm{Q}}{4 \pi \varepsilon_{\circ} \mathrm{R}_{2}}$
(4) Both are zero
25. In a region the potential is represented by $V(x, y, z)=6 x-8 x y-8 y+6 y z$, where $v$ is in volts and $x, y, z$ are in meters. The electric force experienced by a change of 2 coulomb situated at point $(1,1,1)$ is :
(1) $6 \sqrt{5} \mathrm{~N}$
(2) 30 N
(3) 24 N
(4) $4 \sqrt{35} \mathrm{~N}$
26. Two cities are 150 km apart. Electric power is sent from one city to another city through copper wires. The fall of potential per km is 8 volt and the average resistance per km is $0.5 \Omega$. The power loss in the wire is :
(1) 19.2 w
(2) 19.2 kW
(3) 19.2 J
(4) 12.2 kW
27. The resistances in the two arms of the meter bridge are $5 \Omega$ and $\mathrm{R} \Omega$ respectively, When the resistance. R is shunted with an equal resistance; the new balance point is at 1.6l1. the resistance ' $R$ ' is:

(1) $10 \Omega$
(2) $15 \Omega$
(3) $20 \Omega$
(4) $25 \Omega$
28. A potentiometer circuit has been set up for finding the internal resistance of given cell.

The main battery, used across the potentiometer wire, has an emf of 2.0 V and a negligible internal resistance. The potentiometer wire itself is 4 m long. When the resistance R connected across the given cell, has values of.
(1) Infinity
(2) $9.5 \Omega$

The 'balancing lengths' on the potentiometer wire are found to be 3 m and 2.85 m , respectively.
The value of internal resistance of the cell is:
(1) $0.25 \Omega$
(2) $0.95 \Omega$
(3) $0.5 \Omega$
(4) $0.75 \Omega$
29. Following figures show the arrangement of bar magnets in different configurations. Each magnet has magnetic dipole moment $\vec{m}$. Which configuration has highest net magnetic dipole moment?
(a)

(b)

| $N$ |
| :--- |

(c)

(d)

(1) (a)
(2) (b)
(3) (c)
(4) (d)
30.In an ammeter $0.2 \%$ of main current passes through the galvanometer. If resistance of galvanometer is G , the resistance of ammeter will be :
(1) $499{ }^{1}{ }_{G}$
(2) $5000^{499}{ }_{G}$
(3) $500{ }^{1}{ }_{G}$
(4) $\underline{500}_{499 G}$
31. Two identical long conducting wires AOB and COD are placed at right angle to each other, with one above other such that ' 0 ' is their common point for the two. The wires carry $\mathrm{I}_{1}$ and $\mathrm{I}_{2}$ currents, respectively. Point ' P ' is lying at distance ' d ' from ' 0 ' along a direction perpendicular to the plane containing the wires. The magnetic field at the point ' P ' will be :
(1) $\underset{2 \pi d}{\mu_{0}}(I / 2)$
(2) $2^{\mu} \pi d^{o}\left(I_{1}+I_{2}\right)$
(3) $2^{\mu} \pi d^{0}\left(I_{1}{ }^{2}-I^{2}{ }_{2}\right)$
(4) $2^{\mu} \pi d^{o}\left(I_{1}{ }^{2}+I_{2}{ }^{2}\right)^{1 / 2}$
32.A thin semicircular conducting ring ( PQR ) of radius ' $r$ ' is falling with its plane vertical in a horizontal magnetic field B, as shown in figure. The potential difference developed across the ring when its speed is $v$, is:
$x \quad x \quad x \quad x$

(1) Zero
(2) $\mathrm{Bv} \pi r^{2} / 2$ andPisat higherpotential
(3) $\pi r$ BvandRisathigherpotential
(4) 2rBvandRisat higherpotential
33.A transformer having efficiency of $90 \%$ is working on 200 V and 3 kW power supply. If the current in the secondary coil is 6 A , the voltage across the secondary coil and the current in the primary coil respectively are :
(1) $300 \mathrm{~V}, 15 \mathrm{~A}$
(2) $450 \mathrm{~V}, 15 \mathrm{~A}$
(3) $450 \mathrm{~V}, 13.5 \mathrm{~A}$
(4) $600 \mathrm{~V}, 15 \mathrm{~A}$
34. Light with an energy flux of $25 \times 10^{4} \mathrm{Wm}^{-2}$ falls on a perfectly reflecting surface at normal incidence. If the surface area is $15 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$, the average force exerted on the surface is :
(1) $1.25 \times 10^{-6} \mathrm{~N}$
(2) $2.50 \times 10^{-6} \mathrm{~N}$
(3) $1.20 \times 10^{-6} \mathrm{~N}$
(4) $3.0 \times 10^{-6} \mathrm{~N}$
35. A beam of light of $\lambda=600 \mathrm{~nm}$ from a distant source falls on a single slit 1 mm wide and the resulting diffraction pattern is observed on a screen 2 m away. The distance between first dark frings on either side of the central bright fringe is :
(1) 1.2 cm
(2) 1.2 mm
(3) 2.4 cm
(4) 2.4 mm
36. In the Young's double - slit experiment, the intensity of light at a point on the screen where the path difference is $\lambda$ is K , ( $\lambda$ being the wave length of light used). The intensity at point where the path difference is $\lambda / 4$ will be:
(1) K
(2) $\mathrm{K} / 4$
(3) K/2
(4) Zero
37.If the focal length of objective lens is increased then magnifying power of :
(1) Microscope will increase but that of telescope decrease.
(2) Microscope and telescope both will increase
(3) Microscope and telescope both will decrease
(4) Microscope will decrease but that of telescope will increase.
38. The angle of prism is ' $A$ ' One of its refracting surfaces is silvered. Light rays falling at an angle of incidence 2 A on the first surface returns back through the same path after suffering reflection at the silvered surface. The refractive index $\mu$ of the prism is
(1) $2 \sin \mathrm{~A}$
(2) $2 \cos \mathrm{~A}$
(3) $\underline{1}_{2 \cos A}$
(4) Tan A
39. When the energy of the incident radiayion is increased by $20 \%$ the kinetic energy of the photoelectrons emitted from a metal surface increased from 0.5 eV to 0.8 eV . The work function of the metal is
(1) 0.65 eV
(2) 1.0 eV
(3) 1.3 eV
(4) 1.5 eV
40.If the kinetic energy of the particle is increased to 16 times its previous value, the percentage change in the de-broglie wavelength of the particle is :
(1) 25
(2) 75
(3) 60
(4) 50
41. Hydrogen atom in ground state is excited by a monochromatic radiation of $\lambda=975 \mathrm{~A}$. Number of spectral lines in the resulting spectrum emitted will be:
(1) 3
(2) 2
(3) 6
(4) 10
42. The Binding energy per nucleon of $7_{3} \mathrm{Li}$ and $2^{4} \mathrm{He}$ nuclei are 5.60 MeV and 7.06 MeV respectively. In the nuclear reaction ${ }^{7} 3 \mathrm{Li}+{ }_{1} \mathrm{H} \rightarrow 2^{4} \mathrm{He}+{ }_{2}{ }^{4} \mathrm{He}+\mathrm{Q}$, the value of energy Q released is :
(1) 19.6 MeV
(2) -2.4 MeV
(3) 8.4 MeV
(4) 17.3 MeV
43. A radio isotope ' $X$ ' with a half life $1.4 \times 10^{9}$ years decays to ' $Y$ ' which is stable. A sample of the rock from a cave was found to contain ' X ' and ' Y ' in the ratio 1:7. The age of the rock is :
(1) $1.96 \times 10^{9}$ years
(2) $3.92 \times 10^{9}$ years
(3) $4.20 \times 10^{9}$ years
(4) $8.40 \times 10^{9}$ years
44. The given graph represents $V$ - I charachteristics for semincondutor device.


Which of the following statement is correct?
(1) It is V - I characteristics for solar cell where point A represents open circuit voltage and point $b$ short circuit current.
(2) It is for s solar cell and points A and B represent open circuit voltage and current, respectively.
(3) It is for a photodiode and points A and B represent open circuit voltage and current, respectively
(4) It is for LED and points A and B represent open circuit voltage and short circuit current, respectively
45. The barrier potential of a $\mathrm{p}-\mathrm{n}$ junction depends on :
(a) Type of semi conductor material
(b) Amount of doping
(c) Temperature

Which one of the following is correct?
(1) (a) and (b) only
(2) (b) only
(3) (b) and (c) only
(4) (a),(b) and (c)

## Chemistry

46. What is the maximum number of orbitals that can be identified with the following quantum numbers?
$\mathrm{n}=3, \mathrm{l}=1, \mathrm{ml}=0$
(1) 1
(2) 2
(3) 3
(4) 4
47. Calculate the energy in joule corresponding to light of wavelength 45 nm :
(Planck's constant $\mathrm{h}=6.63 \times 10^{-34} \mathrm{Js}$; speed of light $\mathrm{c}=3 \times 10^{8} \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$ )
(1) $6.67 \times 10^{15}$
(2) $6.67 \times 10^{11}$
(3) $4.42 \times 10^{-15}$
(4) $4.42 \times 10^{-18}$
48. Equal masses of $\mathrm{H}_{2}, \mathrm{O}_{2}$ and methane have been taken in a container of volume V at temperature $27^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in identical conditions. The ratio of the volumes of gases $\mathrm{H} 2: \mathrm{O}_{2}$ : methane would be :
(1) $8: 16: 1$
(2) $16: 8: 1$
(3) $16: 1: 2$
(4) $8: 1: 2$
49. If a is the length of the side of a cube, the distance between the body centered atom and one corner atom in the cube will be
(1) $\frac{2}{\sqrt{ }} 3 a$
(2) $\frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} 3 a$
(3) $\frac{\sqrt{ }}{} 43$
(4) $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2^{3}} a$
50. Which property of colloids is not dependent on the charge on colloidal particles ?
(1) Coagulation
(2) Electrophoresis
(3) Electro - osmosis
(4) Tyndall effect
51. Which of the following salts will give highest pH in water ?
(1) KCl
(2) NaCl
(3) $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$
(4) $\mathrm{CuSO}_{4}$
52. Of the following 0.10 aqueous solutions, which one will exhibit the largest freezing point depression?
(1) KCl
(2) $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{O}_{6}$
(3) $\mathrm{Al}_{2}\left(\mathrm{SO}_{4}\right)_{3}$
(4) $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$
53. When 22.4 litres of $\mathrm{H}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})$ is mixed with 11.2 litres of $\mathrm{Cl}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})$, each at S.T.P, the moles of $\mathrm{HCl}(\mathrm{g})$ formed is equal to :
(1) 1 mol of $\mathrm{HCl}_{(\mathrm{g})}$
(2) 2 mol of $\mathrm{HCl}(\mathrm{g})$
(3) 0.5 mol of $\mathrm{HCl}(\mathrm{g})$
(4) 1.5 mol of $\mathrm{HCl}_{(\mathrm{g})}$
54. When $0.1 \mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{MnO}^{2}{ }_{4}^{-}$is oxidised the quantity of electricity required to completely oxidize $\mathrm{MnO}^{2}{ }_{4}^{-}$to $\mathrm{MnO}_{4}^{-}$is :
(1) 96500 C
(2) $2 \times 96500 \mathrm{C}$
(3) 9650 C
(4) 96.50 C
55. Using the Gibbs energy change, $\Delta \mathrm{G}^{0}=+63.3 \mathrm{~kJ}$, for the following reaction,
$\mathrm{Ag}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}(\mathrm{~s}) 2 \mathrm{Ag}^{+}{ }_{(\mathrm{aq})}+\mathrm{CO}_{3}{ }^{2-\mathrm{J}}{ }_{(\mathrm{aq})}$
The $\mathrm{K}_{\text {sp }}$ of $\mathrm{Ag}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3(\mathrm{~s})}$ in water at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
is: $\left(R=8.314 \mathrm{~J} \mathrm{~K}^{-1} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}\right)$
(1) $3.2 \times 10^{-26}$
(2) $8.0 \times 10^{-12}$
(3) $2.9 \times 10^{-3}$
(4) $7.9 \times 10^{-2}$
56. The weight of silver (at.wt $=108$ ) displaced by a quantity of electricity which displaces 5600 mL of $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ at STP will be :
(1) 5.4 g
(2) 10.8 g
(3) 54.0 g
(4) 108.0 g
57. Which of the following statements is correct for the spontaneous adsorption of a gas?
(1) S is negative and, therefore, H should be highly positive.
(2) $S$ is negative and therefore, $H$ should be highly negative.
(3) S is positive and therefore, H should be negative.
(4) S is positive and, therefore, H should also be highly positive.
58. For the reversible reaction :
$\mathrm{N}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})+3 \mathrm{H}_{2}(\mathrm{~g}) \rightleftharpoons 2 \mathrm{NH}_{3}(\mathrm{~g})+$ heat
The equilibrium shifts in forward direction :
(1) By increasing the concentration of $\mathrm{NH}_{3}(\mathrm{~g})$
(2) By decreasing the pressure
(3) By decreasing the concentration of $\mathrm{N}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})$ and $\mathrm{H}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})$
(4) By increasing pressure and decreasing temperature
59. For the reaction :
$\mathrm{X}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}(\mathrm{l}) \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{XO}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})$
$\mathrm{U}=2.1 \mathrm{k} \mathrm{cal}, \quad \mathrm{S}=20 \mathrm{cal} \mathrm{K}^{-1}$ at 300 K
Hence, $G$ is
(1) 2.7 k cal
(2) -2.7 k cal
(3) 9.3 k cal
(4) -9.3 k cal
60. For a given exothermic reaction, $K_{p}$ and $K_{p} p$ are the equilibrium constants at temperatures $\mathrm{T}_{1}$ and $\mathrm{T}_{2}$, respectively. Assuming that heat of reaction is constant in temperature range between $\mathrm{T}_{1}$ and $\mathrm{T}_{2}$, it is readily observed that :
(1) Kp > K ${ }^{\prime}$
(2) $K p<K_{p}^{\prime}$
(3) $K_{p}=\underset{1}{\prime}{ }_{1}^{\prime}$
(4) $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{p}} \overline{=} \mathrm{K}^{\prime} \mathrm{p}$
61. Which of the following orders of ionic radii is correctly represented?
(1) $\mathrm{H}^{-}>\mathrm{H}^{+}>\mathrm{H}$
(2) $\mathrm{Na}^{+}>\mathrm{F}^{-}>\mathrm{O}^{2-}$
(3) $\mathrm{F}^{-}>\mathrm{O}^{2-}>\mathrm{Na}^{+}$
(4) $\mathrm{Al}^{3+}>\mathrm{Mg}^{2+}>\mathrm{N}^{3-}$
62. 1.0 g of magnesium is burnt with $0.56 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ in a closed vessel. Which reactant is left in excess and how much?
(At.wt.Mg $=24 ; 0=16$ )
(1) $\mathrm{Mg}, 0.16 \mathrm{~g}$
(2) $\mathrm{O}_{2}, 0.16 \mathrm{~g}$
(3) $\mathrm{Mg}, 0.44 \mathrm{~g}$
(4) $02,0.28 \mathrm{~g}$
63. The pair of compounds that can exist together is :
(1) $\mathrm{FeCl}_{3}, \mathrm{SnCl}_{2}$
(2) $\mathrm{HgCl}_{2}, \mathrm{SnCl}_{2}$
(3) $\mathrm{FeCl}_{2}, \mathrm{SnCl}_{2}$
(4) $\mathrm{FeCl}_{3}, \mathrm{KI}$
64. $\mathrm{Be}^{2+}$ is isoelectronic with which of the following ions?
(1) $\mathrm{H}^{+}$
(2) $\mathrm{Li}^{+}$
(3) $\mathrm{Na}^{+}$
(4) $\mathrm{Mg}^{2+}$
65. Which of the following molecules has the maximum dipole moment ?
(1) $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$
(2) $\mathrm{CH}_{4}$
(3) $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$
(4) $\mathrm{NF}_{3}$
66. Which one of the following species has plane triangular shape?
(1) $\mathrm{N}_{3}$
(2) $\mathrm{NO}_{3}^{-}$
(3) $\mathrm{NO}_{2}{ }^{-}$
(4) $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$
67. Acidity of diprotic acids in aqueous solutions increase in the order
(1) $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}<\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{Se}<\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{Te}$
(2) $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{Se}<\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}>\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{Te}$
(3) $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{Te}<\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}<\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{Se}$
(4) $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{Se}<\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{Te}<\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$
68. (a) $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}+\mathrm{O}_{3} \rightarrow \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}+2 \mathrm{O}_{2}$
(b) $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}+\mathrm{Ag}_{2} \mathrm{O} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{Ag}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}+\mathrm{O}_{2}$

Role of hydrogen peroxide in the above reactions is respectively:
(1) Oxidizing in (a) and reducing in (b)
(2) Reducing in (a) and oxidizing in (b)
(3) Reducing in (a) and (b)
(4) Oxidizing in (a) and (b)
69. Artificial sweetner which is stable under cold conditions only is :
(1) Saccharine
(2) Sucralose
(3) Aspartame
(4) Alitame
70. In acidic medium, $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ changes $\mathrm{Cr}_{2} \mathrm{O} 7^{-2}$ to $\mathrm{CrO}_{5}$ which has two (-O-O-) bonds. Oxidation state of Cr in $\mathrm{CrO}_{5}$ is :
(1) +5
(2) +3
(3) +6
(4) -10
71. The reaction of aqueous $\mathrm{KMnO}_{4}$ with $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ in acidic conditions gives :
(1) $\mathrm{Mn}^{4+}$ and $\mathrm{O}_{2}$
(2) $\mathrm{Mn}^{2+}$ and $\mathrm{O}_{2}$
(3) $\mathrm{Mn}^{2+}$ and $\mathrm{O}_{3}$
(4) $\mathrm{Mn}^{4+}$ and $\mathrm{MnO}_{2}$
72. Among the following complexes the one which shows zero crystal field stabilization energy (CFSE) is :
(1) $\left[\mathrm{Mn}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{6}\right]^{3+}$
(2) $\left[\mathrm{Fe}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{6}\right]^{3+}$
(3) $\left[\mathrm{Co}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{6}\right]^{2+}$
(4) $\left[\mathrm{Co}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{6}\right]^{3+}$
73. Magnetic moment 2.83 BM is given by which of the following ions? (At.nos. $\mathrm{Ti}=22, \mathrm{Cr}=24, \mathrm{Mn}=25, \mathrm{Ni}=28$ )
(1) $\mathrm{Ti}^{3+}$
(2) $\mathrm{Ni}^{2+}$
(3) $\mathrm{Cr}^{3+}$
(4) $\mathrm{Mn}^{2+}$
74. Which of the following complexes is used to be as anticancer agent?
(1) mer - [Co (NH3)3 Cl$]$
(2) cis - $\left[\mathrm{Pt} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right]$
(3) cis - $\mathrm{K}_{2}\left[\mathrm{Pt} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} \mathrm{Br}_{2}\right]$
(4) $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CoCl}_{4}$
75. Reasons of lanthanoid contraction is:
(1) Negligible screening effect of ' $f$ ' orbitals
(2) Increasing Nuclear charge
(3) Decreasing nuclear charge
(4) Decreasing screening effect
76. In the following reaction, the product ( A )

(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)

77. Which of the following will be most stable diazonium salt $\mathrm{RN}_{2}{ }^{+} \mathrm{X}^{-}$?
(1) $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{~N}_{2}{ }^{+} \mathrm{X}$
(2) $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{~N}_{2}{ }^{+} \mathrm{X}^{-}$
(3) $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{~N}_{2}{ }^{+} \mathrm{X}^{-}$
(4) $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{~N}_{2}{ }^{+} \mathrm{X}^{-}$
78. $\mathrm{D}(+)$ glucose reacts with hydroxyl amine and yields an oxime. The structure of the oxime would be :
C
(2)
CH
(3)
CH $=\mathrm{NOH}$
$\mathrm{HO}-\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{OH}$
$\mathrm{H}-\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{OH}$
$\mathrm{HO}-\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{OH}$
$\mathrm{H}-\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{OH}$
$\mid$
$\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}$
(4)
$\substack{\mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{NOH} \\ \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{OH} \\ \mathrm{C} \\ \mathrm{HO}-\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H} \\ \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{OH} \\| \\\mathrm{H}-\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{OH}\\| \\ \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}}$
79. Which of the following hormones is produced under the condition of stress which stimulates glycogenolysis in the liver of human beings?
(1) Thyroxin
(2) Insulin
(3) Adrenaline
(4) Estradiol
80. Which one of the following is an example of a thermosetting polymer?


(3)


81. Which of the following organic compounds polymerizes to form the polyster Dacron?
(1) Propylene and para $\mathrm{HO}-\left(\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{4}\right)-\mathrm{OH}$
(2) Benzoic acid and ethanol
(3) Terephthalic acid and ethyleneglycol
(4) Benzoic acid and para $\mathrm{HO}-\left(\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{4}\right)-\mathrm{OH}$
82. Which one of the following is not a common component of phototechemical smog ?
(1) Ozone
(2) Acrolein
(3) Peroxyacetyl nitrate
(4) Chlorofluorocarbons
83. In the Kjeldahl's method for estimation of nitrogen present in a soil sample, ammonia evolved from 0.75 g sample neutralized 10 mL of $1 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{H} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$. The percentage of nitrogen in the soil is :
(1) 37.33
(2) 45.33
(3) 35.33
(4) 43.33
84. What products are formed when the following compound is treated with Br in the presence of FeBr 3 ?

(1)


(2)


(3)

(4)


85. Which of the following compounds will undergo racemisation when solution of KOH hydrolyses?
(i)

(ii) $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}$
(iii)


$$
\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}
$$

(iv)


(1) and (ii)
(2) (ii) and (iv)
(3) (iii) and (iv)
(4) (i) and (iv)
86. Among the following sets of reactants which one produces anisole?
(1) $\mathrm{CH} 3 \mathrm{CHO} ; \mathrm{RMgX}$
(2) $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H} 5 \mathrm{OH} ; \mathrm{NaOH} ; \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{I}$
(3) $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H} 5 \mathrm{OH}$;neutral $\mathrm{FeCl}_{3}$
(4) $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5}-\mathrm{CH}_{3} ; \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COCl} ; \mathrm{AlCl}_{3}$
87. Which of the following will not be soluble in sodium hydrogen carbonate?
(1) 2,4,6 - trinitrophenol
(2) Benzoic acid
(3) o - Nitrophenol
(4) Benzenesulphonic acid
88. Which one is most reactive towards Nucleophilic addition reaction?
(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)

89. Identity Z in the sequence of reactions :
$\mathrm{CH} 3 \mathrm{CH} 2 \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH} 2 \longrightarrow{ }^{\mathrm{HBr} / \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}} \mathrm{Y} \longrightarrow{ }_{3}^{\mathrm{C}_{5} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{ONa}} \mathrm{Z}$
(1) $\mathrm{CH}_{3}-\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3}-\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$
(2) $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$
(3) $\mathrm{CH}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4}-\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{CH}_{3}$
(4) $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)-\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$
90. Which of the following organic compounds has same hybridization as its combustion product - ( $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ )?
(1) Ethane
(2) Ethyne
(3) Ethene
(4) Ethanol

## Biology

91. Which one of the following shows isogamy with non - flagellated gamets ?
(1) Sargassum
(2) Eatocarpus
(3) Ulothrix
(4) Spirogyra
92.Five kingdom system of classification suggested by R.H. Whittaker is not based on :
(1) Presence or absence of a well defined nucleus
(2) Mode of reproduction
(3) Mode of nutrition
(4) Complexity of body organization
92. Which one of the following fungi contains hallucinogens ?
(1) Morchella esculenta
(2) Amanita muscaria
(3) Neurospora sp.
(4) Ustilago sp.
94.Archaebacteria differ from eubacteria in :
(1) Cell membrane structure
(2) Mode of nutrition
(3) Cell shape
(4) Mode of reproduction
93. Which one of the following is wrong about chara?
(1) Upper oogonium and lower round antheridium
(2) Globule and nucule present on the same plant
(3) Upper antheridium and lower oogonium
(4) Globule is male reproductive structure
94. Which of the following is responsible for peat formation ?
(1) Marchantia
(2) Riccia
(3) Funaria
(4) Sphagnum
95. Placenta and pericarp are both edible portions in:
(1) Apple
(2) Banana
(3) Tomato
(4) Potato
96. When the margins of sepals or petals overlap one another without any particular direction, the condition is termed as :
(1) Vexillary
(2) Imbricate
(3) Twisted
(4) Valvate
97. You are given a fairly old piece of dicot stem and a dicot root. Which of the following anatomical structures will you use to distinguish between the two?
(1) Secondary xylem
(2) Secondary phloem
(3) Protoxylem
(4) Cortical cells
98. Which one of the following statement is correct?
(1) The seed in grasses is not endospermic
(2) Mango is parthenocarpic fruit
(3) A proteinaceous aleurnone layer is present in maize grain
(4) A sterile pistil is called a stainamode
99. Tracherids differ from other tracheray elements in :
(1) Having casparian strips
(2) Being imperforate
(3) Lacking nucleus
(4) Being lignified
100. An example of edible underground stem is:
(1) Carrot
(2) Groundnut
(3) Sweet potato
(4) Potato
101. Which structure perform the function of mitochondria in bacteria?
(1) Nucleoid
(2) Ribosomes
(3) Cell wall
(4) Mesosomes
102. The solid linear cyroskeltal elements having a diameter of 6 nm and made up of a single type of monomer are known as :
(1) Microtubules
(2) Micorfilaments
(3) Intermediate filaments
(4) Lamins
103. The osmotic expansion of a cell kept in water is chiefly regulated by:
(1) Mitrochondria
(2) Vacuoles
(3) Plastics
(4) Ribosomes
104. During which phase (s) of cell cycle, amound of DNA in a cell remains at 4C level if the intial amount is denoted as 2 C ?
(1) Go and G1
(2) G1 and S
(3) Only G2
(4) G2 and M
105. Match the following and select the correct answer :
(a) Centriole
(i) Infoldings in mitochondria
(b) Chlorophyll
(ii) Thaylakoids
(c) Cristae
(iii) Nucleic acids
(d) Ribozymes
(iv) basal body cilia or flagella

|  | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $(1)$ | (iv) | (ii) | (i) | (iii) |
| $(2)$ | (i) | (ii) | (iv) | (iii) |
| $(3)$ | (i) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) |
| $(4)$ | (iv) | (iii) | (i) | (ii) |

108. Dr.F went noted that if coleptile were removed and placed on agar for one hour, the agar would produce a bending when placed on one side of freshly- cut coleptile stumps. Of what significance is this experiment?
(1) It made possible the isolation and exact identification of auxin
(2) It is the basis for quantitive determination of small amounts of growth promoting substances
(3) It supports the hypothesis that IAA is auxin
(4) It demonstartaed polar movement of auxins
109. Deficiency symotoms of nitrogen and potassium are visible first in :
(1) Senescent leaves
(2) Young leaves
(3) Roots
(4) Buds
110. In which one of the following processes $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ is not released?
(1) Aerobic respiration in plants
(2) Aerobic respiration in animals
(3) Alcoholic fermimentation
(4) Lactate fermination
111. Anoxygric photosynthesis Is characterstics of:
(1) Rhodospirillum
(2) Spirogyra
(3) Chlamudomonas
(4) Ulva
112. A few normal seedlings of tomato were kept in a dark room. After a few days they were found to have become while - coloured like alinos. Which of the following terms will you use to describe them?
(1) Mutated
(2) Embolised
(3) Etiolated
(4) Defoliated
113. Which one of the following growth regulators is known as ' stress hormone'?
(1) Absciessic acid
(2) Ethyelene
(3) GA3
(4) Indole acetic acid
114. Geitonogamy involves
(1) Fertilization of a flower by the pollen from another flower of the same plant.
(2) Fertilization of a flower by the pollen from the same flower
(3) Fertilization of a flower by the pollen from a flower of another plant in the same population
(4) Fertilization of a flower by the pollen from a flower of another plant belonging to a distant population
115. Male gametophyte with least number of cells is present in:
(1) Pteris
(2) Funaria
(3) Lilium
(4) Pinus
116. An aggregate fruit is one which develops from:
(1) Multicarpellary syncarpous gynoecium
(2) Multicarpellary apocarpus gynocium
(3) Complete infloroscene
(4) Multicarpellary superior ovary
117. Pollen tablets are available in tha market for:
(1) In vitro fertilization
(2) Breeding programmes
(3) Supplementing food
(4) Ex situ conservation
118. Function of filiform apparatus is to
(1) Recongnize the suitable pollen at stigma
(2) Stimulate division of generative cell
(3) Produce necter
(4) Guide the entry of pollen tube
119. Non - albuminous seed is produced in :
(1) Maize
(2) Castor
(3) Wheat
(4) Pea
120. Which of the following shows coiled RNA strand and capsomers?
(1) Polio virus
(2) Tobbaco mosaic virus
(3) Measles virus
(4) Retrovirus
121. Which one of the following is wrongely matched
(1) Transcription - Writing information From DNA to $t$ - RNA
(2) Translation - Using information in $m$ - RNA to make protein
(3) Repressor protein - Binds to operator to stop enzyme synthesis
(4) Operon - Structural genes, operator and promoter
122. Transoformation was discovered by :
(1) Meselson and stahl
(2) Hershey and chase
(3) Griffith
(4) Watson and Crick
123. Fruit colour in squash is an example of :
(1) Recessive epistasis
(2) Dominant epistasis
(3) Complemetary genes
(4) Inhibitory genes
124. Viruses here :
(1) DNA enclosed in a protein coat
(2) Prokaryotic nucleus
(3) Single chromosome
(4) Both DNA and RNA
125. The first human hormone produced by recombinant DNA technology is :
(1) Insulin
(2) Estrogen
(3) Thyroxin
(4) Progesterone
126. An analysis of chromosomal DNA using the southern hybridization technique does not use:
(1) Electrophoresis
(2) Blotting
(3) Autoradiography
(4) PCR
127. In vitro propagation in plants is characterized by :
(1) PCR and RAPD
(2) Northern blotting
(3) Electrophoresis and HPLC
(4) Microscopy
128. An alga which can be employed as food for human being is:
(1) Ulothrix
(2) Chlorells
(3) Spirogyra
(4) Polysiphnia
129. Which vector can clone only small fragment of DNA?
(1) Bacterial artificial chromosome
(2) Yeast artificial chromosome
(3) Plasmid
(4) Cosmid
130. An example of ex situ conservation is:
(1) National park
(2) Seed Bank
(3) Wildlife Sanctuary
(4) Sacred Grove
131. A location with luxuriant growth of lichens on the trees indicates that the
(1) Trees are very healthy
(2) Trees are heavily infested
(3) Location is highly polluted
(4) Location is not polluted
132. Match the following and select the correct option:
(a) Earthworm
(i) Pioneer species
(b) Succession
(ii) Detritivore
(c) Ecosystem service
(iii) Natality
(d) Population growth
(iv) Pollination

|  | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $(1)$ | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) |
| $(2)$ | (iv) | (i) | (iii) | (ii) |
| $(3)$ | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) | (i) |
| $(4)$ | (ii) | (i) | (iv) | (iii) |

133. A species facing exrtremely high risk of extinction in the immediate fucture is called:
(1) Vulnerble
(2) Endemic
(3) Critically Endangered
(4) Extinct
134. The zone of atmosphere in which the ozone layer is present is called:
(1) Ionosphere
(2) Mesosphere
(3) Stratosphere
(4) Troposphere
135. The organization which publishes the Red list of species is:
(1) ICFRE
(2) IUCN
(3) UNEP
(4) WWF
136. Select the Taxon mentioned that represents both marine and fresh water species :
(1) Echinoderms
(2) Ctenophora
(3) Cephalochordata
(4) Cnidaria
137. Which one of the following living organisms completely lacks of cells wall?
(1) Cyanobacteria
(2) Sea - Fan (Gorgonia)
(3) Saccharmyces
(4) Blue - Green algae
138. Planaria posses high capacity of :
(1) Metamorphosis
(2) Regeneration
(3) Alteration of generation
(4) Bioluminscene
139. A marine cartilaginous fish that can produce electric current is :
(1) Pristis
(2) Torpedo
(3) Trygon
(4) Scoliodon
140. Choose the correctly matched pair:
(1) Tendon - Specialized connective tissue
(2) Adipose tissue - Dense connective tissue
(3) Areolar tissue - Loose connective tissue
(4) Cartilage - Loose connective tissue
141. Choose the correctly matched pair:
(1) Inner lining of salivary ducts - Ciliated epithelium
(2) Moist surface of buccal cavity - Glandular epithelium
(3) Tubular parts of nephrons - Cuboidal epithelium
(4) Inner surface of bronchioles - squamous epithelium
142. In 's' pahse of the cell cycle
(1) Amount of DNA doubles in each cell
(2) Amount of DNA remains same in each cell.
(3) Chromosome number is increased
(4) Amount of DNA is reduced to half in each cell
143. The motile bacteria are able to move by :
(1) Fimbriae
(2) Flagella
(3) Cilia
(4) Pili
144. Select the option which is not correct with respect to enzyme action:
(1) Substrate binds with enzyme at its active site
(2) Addition of lot of succinate does not reverse the inhibition of succinic dehydrogenase by malonate
(3) A non - competitive inhibitor binds the enzyme at a site distict from that which binds the substrate
(4) Malonate is a competitive inhibitor of succinic dehydrogenase
145. Which one of the following is a non - reducing carbohydrate?
(1) Maltose
(2) Sucrose
(3) Lactose
(4) Ribose 5 - phosphate
146. The enzyme recombines is required at which stage of meiosis :
(1) Pachytene
(2) Zygotene
(3) Diplotene
(4) Daikinesis
147. The intial step in the digestion of milk in human is carried out by?
(1) Lipase
(2) Trypsin
(3) Rennin
(4) Pepsin
148. Fructose is abosorbed bed into the blood through mucosa cells of intenstine by the process called :
(1) Active transport
(2) Faciliatated transport
(3) Simple diffuision
(4) Co-transport mechanism
149. Approximately seventy percent of carbon - dioxide absorbed by the blood will be transported to the lungs :
(1) As bicarbonate ions
(2) In the form of dissolved gas molecules
(3) By binding to R.B.C
(4) As carbamino - haeoglobin
150. Person with blood group $A B$ is considered as universal recipient because he has :
(1) Both $A$ and $B$ antigens on RBC but no antibodies in the plasma
(2) Both A and B antibodies in the plasma
(3) No antigen on RBC and no antibody in the plasma
(4) Both A and antigens in the plasma but no antibodies
151. How do parasympathetic neural signals affect the working of the heart?
(1) Reduce both heart rate and cardiac output
(2) Heart rate is increased without affecting the cardiac output.
(3) Both heart rate and cardiac output increase
(4) Heart rate decreases but cardiac output increases.
152. Which of the following causes an increase in sodium reasorption in te distal convoluted tubule?
(1) Increase in aldosterone levels
(2) Increase in antidieuretic hormone levels
(3) Decrease in aldosterone levels
(4) Decrease in antidiuretic hormone levels
153. Select the correct matching of the type of the joint with the example in human skeletal system :

Type of joint
(1) Carilaginous joint
(2) Pivot joint
(3) Hinge joint
(4) Gliding joint

## Example

- Between frontal and paraiental
- Between third and fourth cervical Vertebrae
- Between humerus and pectoral girdle
- Between carpals

154. Stimulation of a muscle fiber by a motor neuron occurs at:
(1) The neuromuscular junction
(2) The transverse tubules
(3) The myofibril
(4) The sacroplasmic reticulum
155. Injury localized to the hypothalamus would most likely disrupt :
(1) Short - term memory
(2) Co- ordination during locomotion.
(3) Executive function, such as decision making
(4) Regulation of body temperature
156. Which one of the following statements is not correct?
(1) Retinal is the light absorbing portion of visual photo pigments
(2) In retina the rods have the photopigment rhodpsin while cones have three different photopigments
(3) Retinal is a derivative of vitamin C.
(4) Rhodopsin is the purplish red protein present in rods only.
157. Identify the hormone with its correct matching of source and function:
(1) Oxytocin - posterior pituatory, growth and maintenance of mammary glands
(2) Melatonin - pineal gland, regulates the normal rhythm of sleepwake cycle.
(3) Progesterone - corpus - luteum, stimulation of growth and activities of female secondary sex organs
(4) Atrial natriuretic factor - ventricular wall increases the blood pressure.
158. Fight - or - flight reactions cause activation of :
(1) The parathyroid glands, leading to increased metabolic rate.
(2) The kidney, leading tu suppression of reninangiotensin - aldeosterone pathway.
(3) The adrenal medulla, leading to increased secretion of epinephrine and norepinephrene
(4) The pancreas leading to a reduction in the blood sugar levels
159. The shared terminal duct of the productive and urinary syste In the human ale is :
(1) Urethra
(2) Ureter
(3) Vas deferens
(4) Vasa efferentia
160. The main function of mammalian corpus luteum is to produce:
(1) Estrogen only
(2) Progesterone
(3) Human chorionic gonadotropin
(4) Relaxin only
161. Select the correct option describing gonadotropin activity in a normal pregnant female:
(1) High level of FSH and LH stimulates the thickening of endometrium
(2) High level of FSH and LH facilitate implanatation of the embryo
(3) High level of hCG stimulates the synthesis of estrogen and progesterone.
(4) High level of hCG stimulates the thickening of endometrium.
162. Tubectomy is a method of sterilization in which:
(1) Small party of fallopian tube is removed or tied up
(2) Ovaries are removd surgically
(3) Small party of vas deferens is removed or tied up.
(4) Uterus is removed surgically
163. Which of the following is a hormone releasing intra Uterine Device (IUD)
(i) Multiload 375
(ii) LNG-20
(iii) Cervical cap
(iv) Vault
164. Assisted reproductive technology, IVF involves transfer of :
(1) Ovum into fallopian tube
(2) Zygote into the fallopian tube
(3) Zygote into the uterus
(4) Embryo with 16 blastomeres into the fallopian tube
165. A man whose father was colur blind marries a woman who had a colour bline mother and normal father. What percentage of male children of this couple will be colour blind?
(1) $25 \%$
(2) $0 \%$
(3) $50 \%$
(4) $75 \%$
166. In a population of 1000 individuals 360 belong to genotype AA, 480 to Aa the and the remaining 160 to aa. Based on this date, the frequency of allele a in the population is:
(1) 0.4
(2) 0.5
(3) 0.6
(4) 0.7
167. A human female with Turner's syndrome:
(1) Has 45 chromosome with XO
(2) Has one additional $X$ chromosome
(3) Exhibits male characters
(4) Is able to produce children with normal husband
168. Select the correct option :

|  | Direction of RNA <br> Synthesis | Direction of reading of the <br> template DNA strand |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| $(1)$ | $5^{\prime}-3^{\prime}$ | $3^{\prime}-5^{\prime}$ |
| $(2)$ | $3^{\prime}-5^{\prime}$ | $5^{\prime}-3^{\prime}$ |
| $(3)$ | $5^{\prime}-3^{\prime}$ | $5^{\prime}-3^{\prime}$ |
| $(4)$ | $3^{\prime}-5^{\prime}$ | $3^{\prime}-5^{\prime}$ |

169. Commonly used vectors for human genome sequencing are :
(1) T - DNA
(2) BAC and YAC
(3) Expression Vectors
(4) T/A Cloning Vectors
170. Forelimbs of cat, lizard used in walking forelimbs of whale used n swimming and forelimbs of bats used in flying are an example of :
(1) Analogus organs
(2) Adaptive radiation
(3) Homologous organs
(4) Convergent evolution
171. Which one of the following are analogues structures?
(1) Wings of Bat and wings of Pigeon
(2) Gills of Prawn and Lungs of Man
(3) Thorns of Bouganvillea and Tendrills of Cucurbita
(4) Flippers of Dolphin and Legs of Horse
172. Which is the particular type of drug that is obtained from the plant whose one flowering branch is shown below?

(1) Hallucinogen
(2) Depressant
(3) Stimulant
(4) Pain - killer
173. At which stage of HIV infection does one usually show symtoms of AIDS ?
(1) Within 15 days of sexual contact with an infected person
(2) When the infected retro virus enters host cells
(3) When HIV damages large number of helper T - Lymphocytes.
(4) When the viral DNA is produced by reverse transcriptase
174. To obtain virus - free healthy plants from a diseased one by tissue culture techinique, which part/parts of the diseased plant will be taken?
(1) Apical meristem only
(2) Palisade parenchyma
(3) Both apical and axillary meristem
(4) Epidermis only
175. What gases are produced in anaerobic sludge digesters?
(1) Methane and $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ only
(2) Methane, Hydrogen, sulphide and $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$
(3) Methane, Hydrogen sulphide and $\mathrm{O}_{2}$
(4) Hydrogen sulphide and $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$
176. Just as a person moving from Delhi to shimla to escape the heat for the duration of hot summer, thousands of migratory birds from siberia and other extremely cold northern regions move to :
(1) Western Ghat
(2) Meghalaya
(3) Corbett National Park
(4) Keolado National Park
177. Given below is a simplified model of phosphorus cycling in a terrestrial ecosystem with four blanks (A-D) identify the blanks.


B

|  | A | B | C | D |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $(1)$ | Rock <br> minerals | Detritus | Litter Fall | Producers |
| $(2)$ | Litter fall | Producers | Rock <br> Minerals | Detritus |
| $(3)$ | Detritus | Rock <br> minerals | Producer | Litter fall |
| $(4)$ | Producers | Litter fall | Rock <br> Minerals | Detritus |

178. Given below is the representation of the extent of global diversity of invertebrates. What groups the four portions (A-D) represent respectively?


|  | A | B | C | D |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $(1)$ | Insects | Crustaceans | Other animal <br> groups | Molluscs |
| $(2)$ | Crustaceans | Insects | Molluscs | Other <br> animal <br> groups |
| $(3)$ | Molluscs | Other <br> animal <br> groups | Crustaceans | Insects |
| $(4)$ | Insects | Molluscs | Crustaceanus | Other <br> animal <br> groups |

179. A scrubber in the exhaust of a chemical industrial plant removes:
(1) Gases like suplhur dioxide
(2) Particulate matter of the size 5 micrometer or above
(3) Gases like ozone and methane
(4) Particulate matter of the size 2.5 micrometer or less
180. If 20 J of energy is trapped at producer level, then how much energy will be available to peacock as food in the following chain?

$$
\text { Plant } \rightarrow \text { mice } \rightarrow \text { snake } \rightarrow \text { peacock }
$$

(1) 0.02 J
(2) 0.002 J
(3) 0.2 J
(4) 0.0002 J

